

2012 NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL

scorecard

SECOND SESSION OF THE 112TH CONGRESS



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The nonprofit League of Conservation Voters (LCV) has published a *National Environmental Scorecard* every Congress since 1970, the year it was founded by leaders of the environmental movement following the first Earth Day. LCV works to turn environmental values into national priorities.

This edition of the *National Environmental Scorecard* provides objective, factual information about the most important environmental legislation considered and the corresponding voting records of all members of the second session of the 112th Congress. This *Scorecard* represents the consensus of experts from about 20 respected environmental and conservation organizations who selected the key votes on which members of Congress should be scored. LCV scores votes on the most important issues of the year, including energy, global warming, public health, public lands and wildlife conservation, and spending for environmental programs. The votes included in this *Scorecard* presented members of Congress with a real choice and help distinguish which legislators are working for environmental protection. Except in rare circumstances, the *Scorecard* excludes consensus action on the environment and issues on which no recorded votes occurred.

Dedicated environmentalists and national leaders volunteered their time to identify and research crucial votes. We extend special thanks to our Board of Directors, Issues & Accountability Committee, and Scorecard Advisory Committee for their valuable input.



2012 OVERVIEW

From an environmental perspective, the best that can be said about the second session of the 112th Congress is that it is over. Indeed, the Republican leadership of the U.S. House of Representatives continued its war on the environment, public health, and clean energy throughout 2012, cementing its record as the most anti-environmental House in our nation's history. This dubious distinction is all the more appalling in light of the climate crisis unfolding around the world: much of the country experienced extreme heat waves and severe drought throughout the summer of 2012 while the Arctic sea ice reached its lowest extent on record. Hurricane Sandy brought even more devastation and destruction, and was followed by the news that 2012 was the hottest year on record in the United States.

The 2012 *National Environmental Scorecard* includes 35 House votes, which is the same number as in the 2011 *Scorecard*, but far more than were ever included in any *Scorecard* before that. These 35 votes are what we consider the most significant House votes on the environment from throughout the year. Many others warranted inclusion and would have been included in a typical year. In fact, all told there were more than a hundred House votes on the environment and public health in 2012. In many cases, only final passage votes are included here, even though lawmakers voted on countless amendments with enormous environmental implications. With rare exception, amendments to improve anti-environmental bills failed, while amendments to make them even worse passed.

Over the course of the year, the U.S. House left virtually no environmental issue untouched. They forced votes on sweeping bills attacking cornerstone environmental laws such as the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, and the National Environmental Policy Act. One bill to gut the Clean Air Act was so breathtaking it was dubbed "The War on Lungs." There were also countless attempts to promote drilling at all costs, including a bill so brazen

it was dubbed "Oil Above All." There was also a ruse of a transportation bill that would have increased our dependence on oil, threatened our coasts and other special places, and legislatively approved the harmful Keystone XL tar sands pipeline while doing nothing to advance a forward-looking transportation policy. There were massive assaults on our natural heritage, including national monuments, national parks, national forests, coastlines, and wildlife such as salmon, sea turtles, and migratory birds. And even as evidence of the growing climate crisis became painfully obvious, a majority in the U.S. House repeatedly voted against efforts to confront it.

The good news is that while the U.S. House voted against the environment with alarming frequency, both the U.S. Senate and the Obama administration stood firm against the vast majority of these attacks. There are 14 Senate votes included in the 2012 *Scorecard*, many of which served as a sharp rebuke of the House's polluter-driven agenda. A particular highlight in the Senate was the decisive and bipartisan defeat of a resolution of disapproval under the Congressional Review Act to prevent the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) from ever reg-

ulating power plants' emissions of mercury pollution, a dangerous neurotoxin. The Senate also voted down harmful proposals to drill off our coasts and in the Arctic Refuge, to legislatively approve the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, and to block the EPA from reducing harmful pollution from industrial boilers—the nation's third largest source of mercury pollution. Unfortunately, efforts to repeal billions in wasteful subsidies to the five largest oil companies failed, while efforts to extend critical clean energy tax credits fell short until the last-minute, year-end deal averting the “fiscal cliff”—the simultaneous expiration of income and other tax breaks and the onset of deep, across-the-board budget cuts known as sequestration.

While the Senate helped ensure that the nation's bedrock environmental protections survived the House's anti-environmental crusade, the Obama administration achieved a great deal in 2012 through administrative actions such as finalizing fuel efficiency and global

warming standards for cars, proposing the first-ever rule to reduce carbon pollution from new power plants, and designating three national monuments.

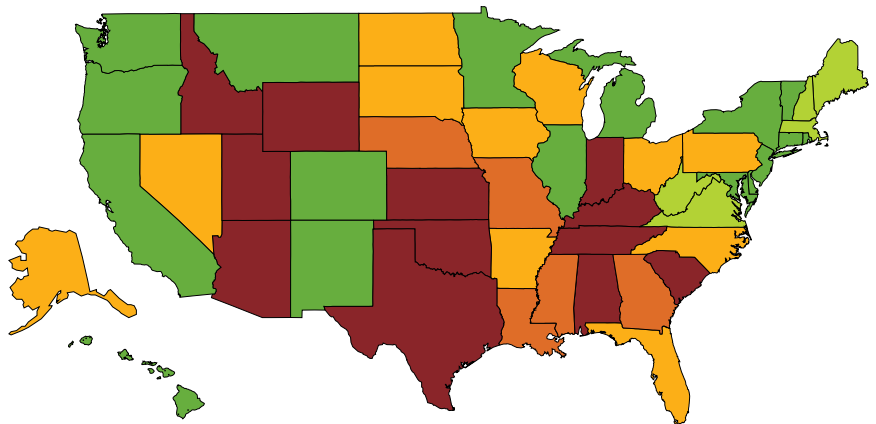
As President Obama begins his second term and the 113th Congress gets under way, LCV is grateful to the Obama administration, the Senate, our allies in the House, and the millions of people across the country who helped stop the dangerous proposals put forward by the House Republican leadership throughout 2012. While we do not have high hopes for progress from the House in 2013, we are heartened by the many pro-environment members who were elected to the 113th Congress and look forward to working with them. We also look forward to continuing to work with President Obama, who has the ability to make great progress through executive actions. More than ever, we remain committed to confronting the climate crisis through all possible avenues in order to protect the planet for future generations.

VOTING SUMMARY

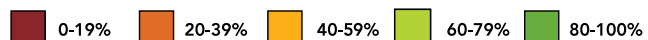
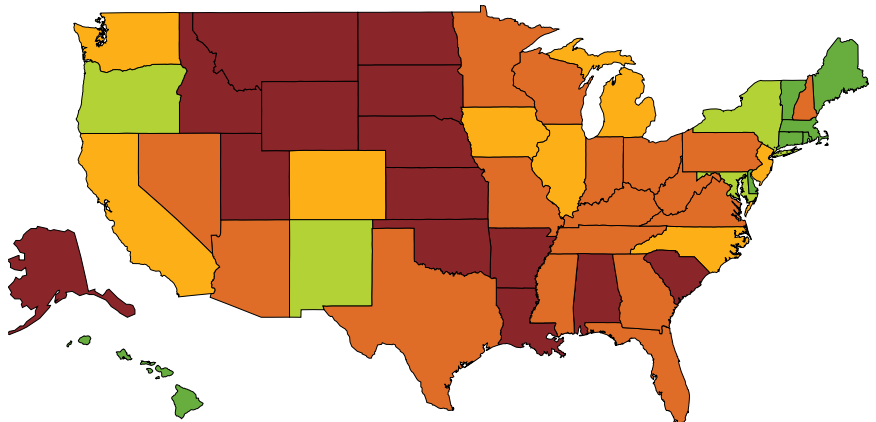
2012 STATE AVERAGES

STATE	SENATE	HOUSE
Alabama	14	19
Alaska	50	6
Arizona	4	39
Arkansas	46	7
California	100	58
Colorado	97	45
Connecticut	93	92
Delaware	93	94
Florida	54	30
Georgia	21	30
Hawaii	93	89
Idaho	11	11
Illinois	100	43
Indiana	7	27
Iowa	54	42
Kansas	18	8
Kentucky	4	28
Louisiana	29	15
Maine	71	90
Maryland	100	71
Massachusetts	75	92
Michigan	93	42
Minnesota	93	36
Mississippi	25	21
Missouri	36	32
Montana	83	6
Nebraska	36	11
Nevada	54	33
New Hampshire	65	36
New Jersey	97	55
New Mexico	100	64
New York	93	65
North Carolina	47	40
North Dakota	50	6
Ohio	57	30
Oklahoma	11	7
Oregon	100	75
Pennsylvania	40	33
Rhode Island	100	94
South Carolina	14	18
South Dakota	57	6
Tennessee	14	24
Texas	14	27
Utah	7	11
Vermont	100	89
Virginia	68	32
Washington	93	56
West Virginia	75	22
Wisconsin	43	36
Wyoming	7	9

SENATE



HOUSE



2012 SENATE HIGH AND LOW SCORES

Highest Senate Delegations:

California 100% · Maryland 100% · New Mexico 100% · Oregon 100% · Rhode Island 100% · Vermont 100%

Senate Scores above 90:

CALIFORNIA Boxer · Feinstein **COLORADO** Bennet · Udall, M. **CONNECTICUT** Lieberman **DELAWARE** Carper · Coons **FLORIDA** Nelson, Bill **HAWAII** Akaka · Inouye **ILLINOIS** Durbin **IOWA** Harkin **MARYLAND** Cardin · Mikulski **MASSACHUSETTS** Kerry **MICHIGAN** Levin, C. **MINNESOTA** Franken · Klobuchar **NEVADA** Reid, H. **NEW HAMPSHIRE** Shaheen **NEW JERSEY** Lautenberg · Menendez **NEW MEXICO** Bingaman · Udall, T. **NEW YORK** Gillibrand · Schumer **OHIO** Brown, Sherrod **OREGON** Merkley · Wyden **RHODE ISLAND** Reed, J. · Whitehouse **SOUTH DAKOTA** Johnson, Tim **VERMONT** Leahy · Sanders **WASHINGTON** Cantwell · Murray **WEST VIRGINIA** Rockefeller

Lowest Senate Delegations:

Arizona 4% · Kentucky 4% · Indiana 7% · Utah 7% · Wyoming 7%

Senate Scores below 10:

ARIZONA Kyl · McCain **IDAHO** Risch **INDIANA** Coats **KENTUCKY** McConnell · Paul, Rand **LOUISIANA** Vitter **NEVADA** Heller **OKLAHOMA** Coburn **PENNSYLVANIA** Toomey **SOUTH CAROLINA** DeMint **TENNESSEE** Corker **UTAH** Hatch · Lee, M. **WISCONSIN** Johnson, R. **WYOMING** Barrasso · Enzi

2012 HOUSE HIGH AND LOW SCORES

Highest House Delegations:

Connecticut 92% · Delaware 94% · Maine 90% · Massachusetts 92% · Rhode Island 94%

House Scores above 95:

ARIZONA Grijalva **CALIFORNIA** Capps · Chu · Honda · Roybal-Allard · Schiff · Sherman · Stark · Thompson, M. · Waxman · Woolsey **COLORADO** DeGette · Polis **FLORIDA** Deutch **GEORGIA** Lewis, John **ILLINOIS** Quigley · Schakowsky **MARYLAND** Edwards · Sarbanes **MASSACHUSETTS** Keating · Markey · McGovern **MICHIGAN** Conyers **NEW JERSEY** Holt · Pallone **NEW MEXICO** Luján **NEW YORK** Hinchey · Israel · Maloney, C. **NORTH CAROLINA** Price, D. **OREGON** Blumenauer · Bonamici **TENNESSEE** Cohen **WASHINGTON** McDermott

Lowest House Delegations:

Alaska 6% · Arkansas 7% · Kansas 8% · Montana 6% · North Dakota 6% · Oklahoma 7% · South Dakota 6% · Wyoming 9%

House Scores below 5:

ALABAMA Bachus, S. **CALIFORNIA** Calvert · Gallegly · Hunter · McKeon **FLORIDA** Mack **GEORGIA** Scott, A. **ILLINOIS** Schock **INDIANA** Young, T. **LOUISIANA** Alexander, R. · Boustany **MINNESOTA** Kline, J. **MISSISSIPPI** Nunnelee **MISSOURI** Graves, S. · Hartzler **NEVADA** Amodei **NEW YORK** Buerkle · Reed, T. · Turner, B. **NORTH CAROLINA** Myrick **TENNESSEE** DesJarlais · Roe **TEXAS** Johnson, S. · Olson · Thornberry **VIRGINIA** Cantor · Goodlatte · Hurt **WASHINGTON** Hastings, D. **WISCONSIN** Duffy · Petri

RATING THE LEADERSHIP OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITTEES

SENATE

COMMITTEE	CHAIR	SCORE	RANKING MEMBER	SCORE
Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry	Stabenow (MI)	86	Roberts (KS)	14
Appropriations	Inouye (HI)	93	Cochran (MS)	29
Commerce, Science and Transportation	Rockefeller (WV)	100	Hutchison (TX)	14
Energy and Natural Resources	Bingaman (NM)	100	Murkowski (AK)	36
Environment and Public Works	Boxer (CA)	100	Inhofe (OK)	14
SENATE COMMITTEE LEADER AVERAGE	CHAIRS	96	RANKING MEMBERS	21

HOUSE

COMMITTEE	CHAIR	SCORE	RANKING MEMBER	SCORE
Agriculture	Lucas (OK-03)	6	Peterson (MN-07)	11
Appropriations	Rogers, Harold (KY-05)	6	Dicks (WA-06)	83
Energy and Commerce	Upton (MI-06)	6	Waxman (CA-30)	97
Natural Resources	Hastings, Doc (WA-04)	3	Markey (MA-07)	100
Science, Space, and Technology	Hall, Ralph (TX-04)	6	Johnson, Eddie Bernice (TX-30)	86
Transportation and Infrastructure	Mica (FL-07)	6	Rahall (WV-03)	51
HOUSE COMMITTEE LEADER AVERAGE	CHAIRS	6	RANKING MEMBERS	71

PARTY LEADERS' SCORES

SENATE

DEMOCRATS	SCORE	REPUBLICANS	SCORE
Reid (NV), Majority Leader	100	McConnell (KY), Minority Leader	7
Durbin (IL), Majority Whip	100	Kyl (AZ), Minority Whip	7
Schumer (NY), Conference Vice Chair	93	Thune (SD), Conference Chair	14
LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	98	LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	9

HOUSE

DEMOCRATS	SCORE	REPUBLICANS	SCORE
		Boehner* (OH-08), Speaker of the House	N/A
Pelosi (CA-08), Minority Leader	94	Cantor (VA-07), Majority Leader	3
Hoyer (MD-05), Minority Whip	91	McCarthy, Kevin (CA-22), Majority Whip	6
Clyburn (SC-06), Assistant Minority Leader	71	Hensarling (TX-05), Conference Chairman	9
Larson, John (CT-01), Caucus Chairman	89	Price, Tom (GA-06), Policy Committee Chairman	6
LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	86	LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	6

* The Speaker of the House votes at his discretion.

2012 SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. OFFSHORE DRILLING

Senator David Vitter (R-LA) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would put virtually every U.S. coastline at risk by expanding offshore drilling with no consideration of environmental impacts. The amendment would cut the public out of the review process and reinstate President Bush's 2010–2015 five year leasing plan, which even Bush administration officials said lacked important environmental safeguards and required additional vetting. This drilling expansion could harm billion-dollar coastal industries and undermine military activities in the Gulf of Mexico and off the coast of Virginia and would fail to accomplish the amendment's purported goal of raising significant revenue for roads and bridges. It would also fail to reduce the price at the pump since oil prices are set on a global market. On March 8, the Senate rejected the Vitter amendment by a vote of 43-55 (Senate roll call vote 28). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

2. TOXIC POLLUTION FROM INDUSTRIAL BOILERS

Senator Susan Collins (R-ME) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would roll back Environmental Protection Agency safeguards to reduce toxic air pollution, such as mercury, lead, and particulates, from industrial boilers and incinerators. The amendment would gut the Clean Air Act and lead to tens of thousands of premature deaths, over 17,000 heart attacks, and more than 180,000 asthma attacks. Toxic pollution from industrial boilers is also known to cause developmental problems in children. On March 8, the Senate rejected the Collins amendment by a vote of 52-46 (60 votes were needed for passage; Senate roll call vote 30). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

3. GULF COAST RESTORATION & LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND

Senator Bill Nelson (D-FL) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would amount to the largest increase in funding for restoration and conservation in a generation. The amendment included the RESTORE Act, legislation ensuring that penalties paid by BP and others responsible for the catastrophic 2010 Deepwater Horizon oil spill are used to rebuild and restore Gulf Coast communities and habitats. It would also fund the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) at a record level of \$700 million a year for two years. On March 8, the Senate approved the Nelson amendment by a vote of 76-22 (Senate roll call vote 32). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The RESTORE Act was included—while unfortunately the LWCF funding provision was not—in the compromise transportation bill (H.R. 4348, MAP-21), which President Obama signed into law on July 6.



4. KEYSTONE XL TAR SANDS PIPELINE (KXL)

Senator John Hoeven (R-ND) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would lead to the construction of the dangerous Keystone XL tar sands pipeline—a project to transport the world’s dirtiest and most carbon-polluting oil 2,000 miles from the boreal forests of Canada across America’s heartland to an international shipping port on the Gulf Coast in order to export it. The amendment irresponsibly asserted that no additional safety or environmental analysis of the pipeline was necessary to ensure the protection of Americans’ land, air, water, and health, despite Obama administration findings to the contrary, and the fact that no route for the pipeline existed. On March 8, the Senate rejected the Hoeven amendment by a vote of 56-42 (60 votes were needed for passage; Senate roll call vote 34). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

5. ARCTIC REFUGE & OFFSHORE DRILLING & KXL

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Committee Ranking Member Pat Roberts (R-KS) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would threaten communities on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts with new offshore drilling, allow oil and gas drilling in the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, open millions of acres of public lands to oil shale and tar sands leasing, and authorize the immediate construction of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline despite significant safety and environmental concerns. In addition to causing immense environmental damage, the oil and gas leasing required by the amendment would fail to achieve its purported goal of raising the revenues necessary to fund the new transportation infrastructure included in the bill. On March 13, the Senate rejected the Roberts amendment by a vote of 41-57 (Senate roll call vote 38). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

6. CLEAN ENERGY TAX INCENTIVES

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Committee Chairwoman Debbie Stabenow (D-MI) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would extend critical incentives for renewable energy and energy efficiency aimed at creating clean energy jobs and reducing America’s dependence on foreign oil. The amendment would extend several incentives that are particularly important to the wind industry, including the Production and Investment Tax Credits, the Section 1603 Treasury Department Program, and the Section 48C Manufacturing Tax Credit. It would further extend the efficient existing and new homes tax credit and the efficient appliances tax credit. Although the package also included some incentives for harmful fuels, including coal-to-liquids that threaten the environment and exacerbate global warming, it was, on balance, an important step forward for the nation’s clean energy economy. On March 13, the Senate rejected the Stabenow amendment by a vote of 49-49 (Senate roll call vote 39). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Many of the energy incentives included in the Stabenow amendment were extended until the end of 2013 as part of H.R. 8, the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, legislation to address the “fiscal cliff,” which President Obama signed into law on January 2, 2013.



7. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW IN TRANSPORTATION REBUILDING

Senator Rand Paul (R-KY) offered an amendment to S. 1813, the Senate transportation bill titled the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), which would exempt the post-disaster rebuilding of transportation projects that were closed due to safety reasons from any environmental reviews, approvals, licensing, or permitting. In doing so, the amendment would threaten the environment and public health and roll back bedrock environmental laws like the Clean Water Act, the National Environmental Policy Act, and the Endangered Species Act, even though these laws already provide flexibility and waivers for emergency situations. On March 14, the Senate rejected the Paul amendment by a vote of 42-54 (Senate roll call vote 47). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

8. OIL SUBSIDIES & CLEAN ENERGY INCENTIVES

Senator Robert Menendez (D-NJ) sponsored S. 2204, the Repeal Big Oil Tax Subsidies Act, which would close tax loopholes for the nation's largest oil companies and direct the savings toward investments in clean energy, energy efficiency, and deficit reduction. Massive oil companies reported profits of nearly \$1 trillion during the past decade and \$90 billion in just the first nine months of 2012 alone, so they have no need for taxpayer handouts. Ending these wasteful subsidies would also stop the practice of subsidizing a dangerous product that is fueling climate change and polluting our air, water, and land. Using some of these savings, the bill would extend for an additional year tax incentives for electric vehicles, cellulosic biofuels, energy-efficient homes and appliances, and numerous forms of clean energy. The remaining savings from repealing Big Oil's subsidies — nearly \$11 billion — would be put towards reducing the deficit. Although it would also support harmful fuels like coal-to-liquids, S. 2204 would, on balance, represent a critical move away from dirty fossil fuels in favor of cleaner forms of energy. On March 29, the Senate rejected a motion to curtail debate and pass S. 2204 by a vote of 51-47 (60 votes were needed for the motion to pass; Senate roll call vote 63). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

9. GENETICALLY ENGINEERED SALMON

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee Ranking Member Lisa Murkowski (R-AK) offered an amendment to S. 3187, the Food and Drug Administration Safety and Innovation Act, which would ensure that the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) has a definitive decision-making role in the process for approving genetically engineered marine and anadromous fish, including genetically engineered farmed salmon. As a food safety agency, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) simply does not have the requisite experience or staff expertise to fully evaluate the potential environmental and economic risks that could result from the approval of genetically engineered fish. NOAA, the federal agency charged with protecting the nation's oceans and its vital fisheries, is better suited to properly assess these issues, and giving NOAA a clear role in the approval process is sound and commonsense policy. On May 24, the Senate rejected the Murkowski amendment by a vote of 46-50 (Senate roll call vote 106). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** On July 9, President Obama signed S. 3187 into law, which unfortunately did not include the Murkowski amendment.



10. TOXIC AIR POLLUTION FROM POWER PLANTS

Senate Environment and Public Works Committee Ranking Member James Inhofe (R-OK) sponsored S.J. Res. 37, a Congressional Review Act (CRA) resolution of disapproval, which would void the Mercury and Air Toxics Standard for power plants, thus threatening the lives and health of thousands of Americans. Mandated by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, the Mercury and Air Toxics Standard is a long overdue public health safeguard that, for the first time, sets national limits on harmful air toxins that are emitted from oil- and coal-burning power plants, including mercury, acid gases, lead, and arsenic. Power plants are the single largest U.S. source of mercury pollution, which is especially dangerous to children and expectant mothers. Once fully implemented in 2016, the Mercury and Air Toxics Standard would prevent up to 11,000 premature deaths, thousands of heart attacks, and over 100,000 asthma attacks each year. The CRA resolution is a radical legislative tool that would undo these protections and prohibit the Environmental Protection Agency from ever taking similar steps in the future to protect communities from this harmful power plant pollution. On June 20, the Senate rejected the Inhofe CRA resolution by a vote of 46-53 (Senate roll call vote 139). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

11. CONSERVATION ON PRIVATE FARMLANDS

Senator Mike Lee (R-UT) offered an amendment to S. 3240, the Senate farm bill titled the Agriculture Reform, Food, and Jobs Act of 2012, which would repeal the Conservation Stewardship Program and the Conservation Reserve Program. Together, these two programs reward agricultural producers who help conserve critical natural resources on more than 75 million acres of farm and ranch land in the United States. These programs not only are very popular with farmers, but also have a proven track record of providing valuable taxpayer benefits by improving soil, water, and wildlife habitat. On June 20, the Senate rejected the Lee amendment by a vote of 15-84 (Senate roll call vote 148). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

12. CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE

Senator Saxby Chambliss (R-GA) offered an amendment to S. 3240, the Senate Farm Bill titled the Agriculture Reform, Food, and Jobs Act of 2012, which would reattach basic soil and water conservation measures to premium subsidies for crop insurance, restoring longstanding requirements that those who receive subsidies take some minimal steps to protect the public good. The amendment would save an estimated \$60 million, ensure all farmers have a level playing field with regard to eligibility requirements for subsidies, and help ensure long-term farm productivity by protecting vital natural resources. It would also ensure that taxpayer funds do not subsidize damaging soil erosion that chokes our waterways, increases the cost of water treatment and dredging, and reduces the long-term productivity of farmland. Without the Chambliss amendment, this Farm Bill would allow for the destruction of tens of thousands of acres of valuable wetlands, resulting in increased downstream flooding, loss of wildlife habitat, and decreased water quality. On June 20, the Senate approved the Chambliss amendment by a vote of 52-47 (Senate roll call vote 155). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** On January 2, 2013, President Obama signed into law a broader legislative package averting the year-end “fiscal cliff” that included an extension of the 2008 Farm Bill through September 30, 2013; however, the Chambliss amendment was not part of the extension.



13. INDUSTRIAL FARM CLEAN WATER VIOLATIONS

Senator Mike Johanns (R-NE) offered an amendment to S. 3240, the Senate Farm Bill titled the Agriculture Reform, Food, and Jobs Act of 2012, that would prevent the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) from efficiently and effectively monitoring for Clean Water Act violations at industrial-scale livestock operations via aircraft. This tool is primarily used to observe large animal feeding operations, where manure spills into water bodies are easily identifiable from the air. These flyover inspections are conducted in small planes and have been done for nearly a decade as a cost-effective alternative to on-site inspections, and Congress does not restrict how the EPA monitors any other industries. The EPA has a responsibility under the law to monitor for this kind of pollution and should not be prohibited from doing so through a reliable means that saves significant taxpayer dollars. On June 21, the Senate rejected the Johanns amendment by a vote of 56-43 (60 votes were needed for passage; Senate roll call vote 159). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

14. MILITARY INVESTMENTS IN ALTERNATIVE FUELS

Senator Mark Udall (D-CO) offered an amendment to S. 3254, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013, which would restore the military's ability to invest in alternative fuels. Shifting from fossil fuels to alternatives like advanced biofuels reduces the military's carbon footprint and reduces pollution, while giving the military more fuel options and loosening its dependence on foreign oil. Investing in advanced biofuels could also enhance national and economic security by keeping military energy spending down and reducing exposure to oil price shocks. On November 28, the Senate approved the Udall amendment by a vote of 62-37 (Senate roll call vote 206). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** On January 2, 2013, President Obama signed the final defense authorization bill, H.R. 4310 into law, which thankfully retained the Udall amendment.

SENATE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Absence (counts as negative)

LCV SCORES

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ALABAMA																		
Sessions, J.	(R)	14	12	7	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
Shelby	(R)	14	16	14	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
ALASKA																		
Begich	(D)	64	76	77	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Murkowski	(R)	36	28	19	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
ARIZONA																		
Kyl	(R)	7	8	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
McCain	(R)	0	4	21	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
ARKANSAS																		
Boozman	(R)	21	16	7	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
Pryor	(D)	71	76	64	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
CALIFORNIA																		
Boxer	(D)	100	100	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Feinstein	(D)	100	100	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
COLORADO																		
Bennet	(D)	100	100	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Udall, M.	(D)	93	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
CONNECTICUT																		
Blumenthal	(D)	86	92	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Lieberman	(I)	100	100	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
DELAWARE																		
Carper	(D)	93	96	86	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Coons	(D)	93	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
FLORIDA																		
Nelson, Bill	(D)	93	96	67	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Rubio	(R)	14	12	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗

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LCV SCORES

GEORGIA

Chambliss	(R)	21	12	5	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
Isakson	(R)	21	16	10	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗

HAWAII

Akaka	(D)	93	96	71	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Inouye	(D)	93	88	57	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

IDAHO

Crapo	(R)	14	12	7	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	?	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Risch	(R)	7	8	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗

ILLINOIS

Durbin	(D)	100	96	85	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Kirk	(R)	N/A	18	64	ABSENT FOR ALL VOTES DUE TO HIS ONGOING RECOVERY.														

INDIANA

Coats	(R)	0	0	16	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Lugar	(R)	14	8	24	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓

IOWA

Grassley	(R)	14	8	21	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Harkin	(D)	93	92	83	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

KANSAS

Moran, Jerry	(R)	21	12	9	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Roberts	(R)	14	8	10	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗

KENTUCKY

McConnell	(R)	7	8	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Paul, Rand	(R)	0	8	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

LOUISIANA

Landrieu, M.	(D)	50	64	49	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Vitter	(R)	7	12	4	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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MAINE																		
Collins	(R)	71	64	67	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
Snowe	(R)	71	68	65	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
MARYLAND																		
Cardin	(D)	100	100	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mikulski	(D)	100	100	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
MASSACHUSETTS																		
Brown, Scott	(R)	57	48	38	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Kerry	(D)	93	96	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
MICHIGAN																		
Levin, C.	(D)	100	96	80	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Stabenow	(D)	86	88	85	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
MINNESOTA																		
Franken	(D)	93	92	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Klobuchar	(D)	93	88	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
MISSISSIPPI																		
Cochran	(R)	29	20	9	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
Wicker	(R)	21	12	5	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
MISSOURI																		
Blunt	(R)	21	12	3	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
McCaskill	(D)	50	68	72	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
MONTANA																		
Baucus, M.	(D)	79	84	68	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Tester	(D)	86	88	87	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
NEBRASKA																		
Johanns	(R)	14	8	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
Nelson, Ben	(D)	57	56	44	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓

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NEVADA

Heller	(R)	7	6	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Reid, H.	(D)	100	100	80	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Ayotte	(R)	29	24	24	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Shaheen	(D)	100	96	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW JERSEY

Lautenberg	(D)	93	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Menendez	(D)	100	100	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW MEXICO

Bingaman	(D)	100	100	74	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Udall, T.	(D)	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW YORK

Gillibrand	(D)	93	96	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Schumer	(D)	93	96	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓

NORTH CAROLINA

Burr	(R)	14	12	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
Hagan	(D)	79	88	84	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓

NORTH DAKOTA

Conrad	(D)	79	84	59	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Hoeven	(R)	21	12	12	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓

OHIO

Brown, Sherrod	(D)	93	92	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Portman	(R)	21	12	23	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗

OKLAHOMA

Coburn	(R)	7	8	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Inhofe	(R)	14	16	5	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗

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OREGON																		
Merkley	(D)	100	100	100	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Wyden	(D)	100	100	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
PENNSYLVANIA																		
Casey	(D)	79	84	93	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Toomey	(R)	0	4	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
RHODE ISLAND																		
Reed, J.	(D)	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Whitehouse	(D)	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
SOUTH CAROLINA																		
DeMint	(R)	7	16	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Graham	(R)	21	16	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
SOUTH DAKOTA																		
Johnson, Tim	(D)	100	96	72	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Thune	(R)	14	8	13	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
TENNESSEE																		
Alexander, L.	(R)	21	24	18	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Corker	(R)	7	8	16	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
TEXAS																		
Cornyn	(R)	14	12	5	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
Hutchison	(R)	14	12	6	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
UTAH																		
Hatch	(R)	7	8	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
Lee, M.	(R)	7	16	16	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
VERMONT																		
Leahy	(D)	100	96	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sanders	(I)	100	100	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

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VIRGINIA																		
Warner	(D)	86	92	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
Webb	(D)	50	72	81	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗
WASHINGTON																		
Cantwell	(D)	93	96	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
Murray	(D)	93	96	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
WEST VIRGINIA																		
Manchin	(D)	50	56	54	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗
Rockefeller	(D)	100	100	82	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
WISCONSIN																		
Johnson, R.	(R)	0	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Kohl	(D)	86	88	84	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
WYOMING																		
Barrasso	(R)	7	8	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
Enzi	(R)	7	8	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗

2. SENATE SCORES

2012 HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. OIL SHALE LEASING

Representative Jared Polis (D-CO) offered an amendment to H.R. 3408—the so-called PIONEERS Act that was a part of the House transportation package—which would remove oil shale leasing provisions from the bill that would endanger Western public lands and water supplies while doing nothing to fund transportation projects or create jobs. Oil shale, not to be confused with shale oil, has yet to be produced in commercial quantities despite 100 years of research and development and decades of taxpayer subsidies. Oil shale is sedimentary rock that must be heated to 700 degrees to produce any fuel, and industrial-scale oil shale development would require more water than the scarce water supplies in the West could provide. The Polis amendment would prevent lands proposed for wilderness protections, critical wildlife habitat, and areas popular with hunters and anglers from being subjected to this risky and speculative development. On February 15, the House rejected the Polis amendment by a vote of 160-265 (House roll call vote 59). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The provisions in H.R. 3408 were not included in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

2. OFFSHORE DRILLING SUBSIDIES

House Natural Resources Committee Ranking Member Ed Markey (D-MA) offered an amendment to H.R. 3408—the so-called PIONEERS Act that was a part of the House transportation package—which would eliminate up to \$53 billion in taxpayer subsidies by closing a royalty payment loophole for oil companies operating offshore. At a time when many Americans are struggling to make ends meet, this amendment would prevent some of the world's biggest and most profitable oil companies from drilling for free on publicly-owned resources. On February 16, the House rejected the Markey amendment by a vote of 183-238 (House roll call vote 68). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The provisions in H.R. 3408 were not included in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

3. DRILLING EVERYWHERE TO FUND TRANSPORTATION

Representative Doug Lamborn (R-CO) sponsored H.R. 3408—the so-called PIONEERS Act that was a part of the House transportation package—which would increase America's oil dependence by mandating drilling in the pristine Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, along the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts, in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, and in the Rocky Mountain West. At the same time, it would weaken already inadequate rules governing offshore drilling. The bill also would mandate approval of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, even though it had been denied by President Obama, lacked a route, would increase global warming pollution, and would threaten communities and ecosystems. On February 16, the House approved H.R. 3408 by a vote of 237-187 (House roll call vote 71). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The provisions in H.R. 3408 were not included in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.



4. CALIFORNIA WATER RESOURCES

Representative Devin Nunes (R-CA) sponsored H.R. 1837, the so-called Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley Water Reliability Act, which would eliminate state and federal environmental protections for California's rivers, threatening the water quality in California's Bay-Delta estuary and the reliability of the state's water supplies. The bill prioritized the interests of large agribusinesses at the expense of commercial and recreational fishermen, Delta farmers, Delta communities, and urban residents. It would eliminate desperately-needed protections for salmon and native fisheries, threatening thousands of fishing jobs and millions of dollars of income; block a court-approved, bipartisan settlement that ended nearly twenty years of litigation over the San Joaquin River; and prevent the State of California from protecting state natural resources under state law and even under the state constitution. On February 29, the House approved H.R. 1837 by a vote of 246-175 (House roll call vote 91). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

5. ST. CROIX WILD & SCENIC RIVER


Representative Tom Petri (R-WI) offered a motion to suspend the rules and pass S. 1134, the St. Croix River Crossing Project Authorization Act, which would override the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act and authorize the construction of a costly, freeway-style bridge over and through the St. Croix National Scenic Riverway. The proposed bridge would have a "direct and adverse" impact on the St. Croix Riverway, according to the National Park Service, and would harm its scenic and recreational values. The bridge is also a wasteful and inequitable use of taxpayer dollars; it would benefit fewer than 18,000 motorists, but cost three times as much as the new 10-lane I-35W bridge in Minnesota that carries about 140,000 vehicles a day. While a new bridge is needed, it should be developed in a way that is more in line with the wild and scenic values of the St. Croix River. On March 1, the House – by a vote of 339-80 – reached the two-thirds majority necessary to suspend the rules and approve S. 1134 (House roll call vote 93). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The bill was signed into law by President Obama on March 14.

6. NATIONAL MONUMENTS

Representative Virginia Foxx (R-NC) offered an amendment to H.R. 4089, the so-called Sportsmen's Heritage Act of 2012, which would severely limit the president's ability to set aside historic or culturally important federal lands as national monuments under the Antiquities Act. While previous presidents of both parties have used this law more than 100 times to preserve important landscapes, the Foxx amendment would require each state's governor and legislature to approve the declaration of a national monument before the president's action would become law. On April 17, the House approved the Foxx amendment by a vote of 223-198 (House roll call vote 162). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 4089 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

7. PUBLIC LANDS ASSAULT

Representative Jeff Miller (R-FL) sponsored H.R. 4089, the so-called Sportsmen's Heritage Act of 2012, which would threaten the conservation of fish, wildlife, and habitats that benefit all Americans, including conservationists and sportsmen. H.R. 4089 would roll back long-standing environmental




laws like the National Environmental Policy Act and the Wilderness Act, and it would reduce or eliminate important protections for America's public lands, allowing widespread motorized access to wilderness areas and opening up units of the National Park System to hunting. The bill would weaken the Environmental Protection Agency's authority to regulate lead and other toxic substances used in ammunition and add an exemption for any chemical used in fishing equipment, despite the widespread availability of affordable and effective alternatives to lead bullets and sinkers. Additionally, the bill would allow for the importation of polar bear trophies from Canada under newly-created exceptions to federal law, which could encourage hunters to kill protected species in other countries, store them in warehouses, and then later seek legal waivers from Congress. On April 17, the House approved H.R. 4089 by a vote of 274-146 (House roll call vote 164). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

8. NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (NEPA) IN TRANSPORTATION

Representative Reid Ribble (R-WI) offered an amendment to H.R. 4348, the Surface Transportation Extension Act, Part II, which would roll back our nation's bedrock environmental laws and stifle public participation in the environmental review process. The amendment would gut the National Environmental Policy Act, which – since being enacted with an overwhelming bipartisan majority in 1969 – has ensured that citizens provide input about federal decisions that affect their communities' social, economic, and environmental health. Specifically, the amendment would automatically approve any project whose environmental review is not completed within an arbitrary 270 day timeline; eliminate environmental reviews altogether for a broad range of highway projects as well as projects that cost less than \$10 million or are less than 15% federally-funded; and prevent the consideration of smart growth, transit-friendly alternatives. On April 18, the House approved the Ribble amendment by a vote of 255-165 (House roll call vote 168). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Regrettably, numerous highly problematic provisions in the Ribble amendment remained in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

9. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSAULT IN THE TRANSPORTATION BILL

House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee Chairman John Mica (R-FL) sponsored H.R. 4348, the Surface Transportation Extension Act, Part II, which would legislatively approve the dangerous Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, endanger the health and safety of thousands of communities by failing to establish minimum national safeguards for coal ash disposal, and roll back federal environmental permitting requirements for highway construction projects. The bill would authorize the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline despite unresolved concerns about the pipeline's impact on Americans' land, air, water, and health, its negative impacts on climate change, and the fact that no route for the pipeline existed. At the same time, it would fail to address mounting problems caused by the annual dumping of 100 million tons of toxic coal ash, which contains arsenic, hexavalent chromium, lead, mercury, and other hazardous substances that poison our drinking water and air. The Environmental Protection Agency has found that some coal ash ponds pose a 1 in 50 risk of cancer to residents drinking arsenic-contaminated water. On April 18, the House approved H.R. 4348 by a vote of 293-127 (House roll call vote 170). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** While provisions related to the Keystone



XL tar sands pipeline and coal ash pollution were dropped, numerous highly problematic provisions undermining public participation in the environmental review process were included in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

10. RESTRICTION ON DIRTY FUELS


Representative Bill Flores (R-TX) offered an amendment to H.R. 5326, the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would defund the federal government's prohibition on using unconventional transportation fuels that emit more greenhouse gases than traditional fuels. The amendment would prohibit the use of funds in the bill to enforce Section 526 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007, which specifically prohibits federal agencies from buying transportation fuels from unconventional sources like coal-to-liquid, oil sands, and oil shale, unless the contract specifies that the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions would not exceed those produced by conventional petroleum. The Defense Department has said that it supports Section 526 as part of an effort to decrease its reliance on fossil fuels, and that Section 526 has not prevented the Department from meeting current mission needs. On May 9, the House approved the Flores amendment by a vote of 250-173 (House roll call vote 233). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5326 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

11. NATIONAL OCEAN POLICY

Representative Bill Flores (R-TX) offered an amendment to H.R. 5326, the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would block implementation of ocean policy programs that would improve management of our oceans and the Great Lakes. The amendment would forbid federal agencies from spending money on any activities related to the National Ocean Policy, which was created by an Executive Order. The National Ocean Policy establishes nine regional committees to develop plans to streamline the permitting process for use of areas along the nation's oceans and Great Lakes, and improves stewardship of these areas by directing government agencies with differing mandates to coordinate and by ensuring that competing interests, such as offshore energy production, fishing grounds, shipping lanes, Navy training areas, and wildlife habitats, are all represented in the permitting process. On May 9, the House approved the Flores amendment by a vote of 246-174 (House roll call vote 234). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5326 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

12. SEA TURTLE PROTECTIONS

Representative Jeff Landry (R-LA) offered an amendment to H.R. 5326, the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would prohibit the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration from using funds to implement a rule requiring turtle excluder devices in fishing vessels. Turtle excluder devices protect threatened and endangered sea turtles by reducing the



likelihood that they are accidentally captured in fishing nets. The proposed rule is necessary to address high levels of sea turtle mortality in the Southeast – more than 3,500 threatened and endangered sea turtles washed up dead in the Gulf and South Atlantic in 2011 alone. On May 9, the House approved the Landry amendment by a vote of 218-201 (House roll call vote 236). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5326 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

13. CLIMATE CHANGE EDUCATION


Representative Chip Cravaack (R-MN) offered an amendment to H.R. 5326, the Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would eliminate funding for the National Science Foundation's (NSF) Climate Change Education Program. Funding from NSF for climate change education is integral to developing science-based education resources and programs and maintaining a nationwide network of educators, scientists, and others that are focused on keeping Americans informed about the impacts of global warming on our planet. On May 9, the House approved the Cravaack amendment by a vote of 238-188 (House roll call vote 241). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5326 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

14. FLOOD INSURANCE REFORM

Representative Judy Biggert (R-IL) offered a motion to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 5740, the National Flood Insurance Program Extension Act, which would take a much-needed step toward reforming the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and protecting sensitive environmental habitats. While the existing NFIP provides flood insurance at a significantly discounted rate—thereby creating a market incentive that has encouraged development and destruction of floodplains—H.R. 5740 would remedy this by increasing current rates to market-based levels. The bill would also create a \$90 million per year mitigation fund to help relocate communities out of floodplains and create a Technical Mapping Advisory Council that would, among other things, ensure that changing weather and altered hydrology are included in the assessment of risk. On May 17, the House – by a vote of 402-18 – reached the two-thirds majority necessary to suspend the rules and approve H.R. 5740 (House roll call vote 262). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5740 became law, but it did so only as an extension of the then-current flood insurance program and did not contain significant reforms. A slightly altered version of the positive flood insurance reform provisions offered in the Biggert motion was attached to the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

15. KEYSTONE XL TAR SANDS PIPELINE

During House consideration of H.R. 4348, a transportation bill called the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), Representative John Barrow (D-GA) offered a Motion to Instruct House Conferees to insist on including approval of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline when



negotiating a compromise between the House and Senate versions of the legislation. This pipeline would transport the world's dirtiest and most carbon-polluting oil 2,000 miles from the boreal forests of Canada across America's heartland to an international shipping port on the Gulf Coast in order to export it. The version of the transportation package that passed in the House would grant a permit for the pipeline, despite unresolved environmental and public health concerns, while the Senate-approved version would not. While the Barrow Motion to Instruct would not force negotiators to include Keystone XL in the compromise bill, it was in effect a referendum on support for the pipeline in the House. On May 18, the House approved the Barrow Motion to Instruct Conferees by a vote of 261-152 (House roll call vote 292). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Language related to the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline was not included in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

16. CLEAN WATER PROTECTIONS

Representative Jim Moran (D-VA) offered an amendment to H.R. 5325, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would remove a dirty water policy rider from the bill that threatens waters Americans depend on for drinking, swimming, and fishing. The rider would bar the Army Corps of Engineers from restoring longstanding Clean Water Act protections to critical streams and wetlands across the nation. It would prohibit the Army Corps from limiting pollution in waterways that supply public drinking water for 117 million Americans and block the Army Corps' efforts to protect wetlands that are critical for flood protection. On June 1, the House rejected the Moran amendment by a vote of 152-237 (House roll call vote 308). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5325 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and thankfully the dirty water policy rider was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

17. CLEAN ENERGY FUNDING

Representative Tom McClintock (R-CA) offered an amendment to H.R. 5325, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would fully defund and eliminate the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy. DOE-led clean energy programs have helped drive innovation in energy technologies while significantly reducing the costs of these technologies. The Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy supports critical solar, wind, efficiency, and vehicle programs that result in more innovation, cleaner energy, and more clean energy jobs. On June 1, the House rejected the McClintock amendment by a vote of 113-275 (House roll call vote 311). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5325 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the McClintock amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.



18. FOSSIL FUELS FUNDING


Representative Tom McClintock (R-CA) offered an amendment to H.R. 5325, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would reduce funding for fossil fuel research and development programs by \$554 million. Coal, oil, and natural gas industries are well established and highly profitable and have never had any trouble finding investors to pay for industry research. Taxpayers should not be forced to subsidize fossil fuel research when energy companies have every incentive to pay for it themselves. Moreover, taxpayer dollars spent on fossil fuels are resources diverted away from investments in clean energy technologies that do not pollute the planet and do not contribute to climate change. On June 5, the House rejected the McClintock amendment by a vote of 138-249 (House roll call vote 317). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5325 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the McClintock amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

19. NUCLEAR ENERGY SUBSIDY

Representative Michael Burgess (R-TX) offered an amendment to H.R. 5325, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would eliminate \$100 million in the bill for uranium enrichment research by the United States Enrichment Corporation (USEC), a company long beset by technical and financial troubles. This subsidy would support the production of nuclear materials for use in commercial nuclear power reactors and nuclear weapons. On top of the hazardous waste generated by the mining and enriching of uranium, the radioactive waste produced by nuclear power plants is among the world's most dangerous substances, and storage of this waste poses significant safety concerns. Particularly in a constrained budgetary environment, the federal government should prioritize investments in clean, renewable energy rather than nuclear power, a mature technology that poses an array of major risks to the environment and public health. On June 6, the House rejected the Burgess amendment by a vote of 168-249 (House roll call vote 329). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5325 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the Burgess amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

20. PUBLIC LAND GRAB BY FEDERAL POLICE AGENTS

Representative Raul Grijalva (D-AZ) offered an amendment to H.R. 2578, the so-called Conservation and Economic Growth Act, which would strike a provision in the bill that would give the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) authority to waive dozens of environmental laws in a 100-mile zone along the Mexican and Canadian borders. The provision, Representative Rob Bishop's H.R. 1505 (Title XIV), is an overreaching bill that would force the American people to surrender their right to hunt, fish, and camp on public lands so that federal agents could have unprecedented new policing authority. Some of the environmental laws that could be ignored under the provision are the National Environmental Policy Act, the Wilderness Act, the Endangered Species Act, and the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. While border security would not be advanced by the legislation – as evidenced by DHS's



opposition to the bill – Americans’ right to enjoy their natural heritage would be severely threatened. On June 19, the House rejected the Grijalva amendment by a vote of 177-247 (House roll call vote 385). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 2578 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

21. BROAD ASSAULT ON LANDS & WILDLIFE


Representative Jeff Denham (R-CA) sponsored H.R. 2578, the so-called Conservation and Economic Growth Act, a sweeping assault on America’s lands and wildlife that would block or roll back conservation laws on federal lands, gut environmental review, and privatize public lands. The bill included H.R. 1505, far-reaching legislation that would force the American people to surrender their right to hunt, fish, and camp on public lands so that federal agents could have unprecedented new policing authority. H.R. 2578 would also give a private corporation access to clearcut prime public lands in the Tongass National Forest; allow the lethal removal of sea lions from the Columbia River without public involvement and with limited scientific review; cut sensible limits on vehicle access on the Cape Hatteras National Seashore Recreational Area that are designed to protect threatened wildlife; and cut environmental protections for livestock grazing. On June 19, the House approved H.R. 2578 by a vote of 232-188 (House roll call vote 387). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

22. PUBLIC HEALTH BASIS OF THE CLEAN AIR ACT

Representative Gene Green (D-TX) offered an amendment to H.R. 4480, the so-called Domestic Energy and Jobs Act, which would protect the Clean Air Act’s health-based focus when determining whether our air is safe to breathe. As written, H.R. 4480 would direct the Environmental Protection Agency to define healthy air based on the “feasibility and cost” to polluting industries, which would compel the EPA to accept air quality standards that do not protect public health. The Clean Air Act already thoroughly allows for consideration of feasibility and cost in implementing pollution control strategies, but including cost in the standard-setting process would fundamentally undermine these health-based protections, which could lead to more asthma attacks, heart attacks, and premature deaths. The Green amendment would remove this provision from the bill and restore the Clean Air Act’s longstanding requirement that national air quality standards be based solely on the best available health science. On June 21, the House rejected the Green amendment by a vote of 174-244 (House roll call vote 395). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 4480 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

23. “OIL ABOVE ALL” ENERGY STRATEGY

Representative Cory Gardner (R-CO) sponsored H.R. 4480, the so-called Domestic Energy and Jobs Act, a massive giveaway that prioritized the nation’s largest oil and gas companies’ interests over our health, natural heritage, coastal businesses, and national security. The bill delayed clean air standards that would reduce the industry’s pollution by overturning the Clean Air Act’s requirement that national air quality standards be based solely on the best science. It threatened the interests of hunters, anglers, and other outdoorsmen by establishing oil drilling as the primary use of America’s public



lands. It endangered fishermen and others who depend on clean oceans and beaches by requiring Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) lease sales off the coast of Virginia and by supporting dangerous offshore drilling elsewhere along the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts. This legislation also undermined our nation's national security interests by making it harder for President Obama to quickly respond to an emergency supply disruption by tapping the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. On June 21, the House approved H.R. 4480 by a vote of 248-163 (House roll call vote 410). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

24. COAL ASH POLLUTION


During House consideration of H.R. 4348, a transportation bill called the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), Representative David McKinley (R-WV) offered a Motion to Instruct House Conferees to insist on including a dangerous coal ash provision when negotiating a compromise between the House and Senate versions of the legislation. Coal ash, the toxic by-product of burning coal, is the second largest industrial waste stream in the U.S. This provision would leave communities at risk by perpetuating inadequate state protections that have led to major catastrophes like the 2008 Tennessee Valley Authority's massive coal ash spill and nearly 200 cases of water contamination across the nation. Further, it would remove the authority for the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to ever revisit a coal ash-specific federal standard, an unprecedented revocation of the EPA's authority to protect Americans from exposure to toxic waste. On June 21, the House approved the McKinley Motion to Instruct by a vote of 260-138 (House roll call vote 411). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Language related to coal ash pollution was not included in the compromise transportation bill—H.R. 4348, MAP-21—which President Obama signed into law on July 6.

25. MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT

Representative James Lankford (R-OK) offered an amendment to H.R. 5972, the Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2013, which would undermine certain protections for cliff and barn swallows under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA). The amendment would prohibit the Transportation Department from using funds to implement the MBTA or an Executive Order that directs federal agencies to integrate bird conservation measures into agency activities. In doing so, it would deny funding for protective measures for swallows, such as the placement of netting to prevent the establishment of nests, and would establish the dangerous precedent of rolling back the MBTA for individual species to benefit special interests. On June 29, the House approved the Lankford amendment by a vote of 234-191 (House roll call vote 447). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 5972 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation and the amendment was not included in the spending measure maintaining current funding levels for the federal government through March 27, 2013, which President Obama signed into law on September 28.

26. HARDROCK MINING

Representative Mark Amodei (R-NV) sponsored H.R. 4402, the so-called National Strategic and Critical Minerals Production Act of 2012, which would effectively eliminate public review of hardrock



mining activities on federally-managed public lands. The mining industry already enjoys free access to hardrock minerals on public lands, and federal land managers are required by law to give mining precedence over all other uses of public lands. While land managers are not in a position to deny hardrock mining claims, they are able to require mining companies to explain to the public how they will comply with applicable environmental laws. Eliminating this public review process would threaten water resources across the United States and limit the ability of impacted communities to protect their land, water, and health. On July 12, the House approved H.R. 4402 by a vote of 256-160 (House roll call vote 468). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

27. OFFSHORE DRILLING SAFETY REFORMS


House Natural Resources Committee Ranking Member Ed Markey (D-MA) offered an amendment to H.R. 6082, the so-called Congressional Replacement of President Obama's Energy-Restricting and Job-Limiting Offshore Drilling Plan, which would implement basic offshore drilling safety reforms recommended by the independent commission tasked with investigating the causes of the 2010 BP Deepwater Horizon oil spill catastrophe. The amendment would result in common-sense reforms that still have not been codified into law following the greatest environmental disaster in our nation's history. On July 25, the House rejected the Markey amendment by a vote of 189-232 (House roll call vote 506). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 6082 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

28. DRINKING WATER PROTECTIONS

Representative Alcee Hastings (D-FL) offered an amendment to H.R. 4078, the so-called Red Tape Reduction and Small Business Job Creation Act, which would exempt safe drinking water protections from the sweeping regulatory freeze ordered under the bill. According to the Environmental Protection Agency, one-third of all Americans – 117 million people – get their drinking water from public supply systems fed by seasonal streams that are losing or have lost Clean Water Act protections. Without the Hastings amendment, H.R. 4078 could prevent the EPA from fixing this problem and restoring protections that had been guaranteed by the Clean Water Act 40 years ago. This regulatory freeze bill could also block a proposed EPA rule under the Safe Drinking Water Act that would update standards to keep deadly fecal coliform matter from our drinking water. On July 25, the House rejected the Hastings amendment by a vote of 188-231 (House roll call vote 514). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 4078 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

29. SAFEGUARDS SHUTDOWN

Representative Tim Griffin (R-AR) sponsored H.R. 4078, the so-called Red Tape Reduction and Small Business Job Creation Act, a radical package of bills that would halt all significant new public safeguards, including for the air we breathe, the water we drink, and the food we eat. This legislation would halt all significant regulations as long as unemployment remains above 6%, which will be several years according to the Congressional Budget Office. This would mean even standards supported by industry would be stopped, such as new fuel efficiency standards and food safety standards to prevent the next food-borne contamination crisis. The bill would also freeze all regulations once a new president



is elected, even if these standards have been in the works for years. It would also severely undermine the National Environmental Policy Act, which simply requires that federal agencies assess proposals' environmental impacts, solicit the input of all affected stakeholders, and disclose their findings publicly before undertaking projects that may significantly affect the environment. On July 26, the House approved H.R. 4078 by a vote of 245-172 (House roll call vote 536). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

30. LAND CONSERVATION CUTS

House Agriculture Committee Chairman Frank Lucas (R-OK) sponsored H.R. 6233, the Agricultural Disaster Assistance Act of 2012, which would disproportionately cut funding for conservation programs in order to pay for livestock disaster assistance. These conservation programs help preserve farms and ranches, protect wildlife habitats, and improve soil conservation and water and air quality. While it is critically important to provide support to those who have suffered through harsh droughts, this bill would make the impact of future droughts more severe by cutting the very programs that help make farming operations more resilient to these kinds of disasters. On August 2, the House approved H.R. 6233 by a vote of 223-197 (House roll call vote 554). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Some disaster assistance was included in a broader legislative package to avoid the year-end “fiscal cliff” that President Obama signed into law on January 2, 2013; fortunately, these provisions were not funded through cuts to conservation programs.

31. MINNESOTA BOUNDARY WATERS LAND EXCHANGE

Representative Chip Cravaack (R-MN) sponsored H.R. 5544, the Minnesota Education Investment and Employment Act, which would ratify a problematic land exchange of approximately 86,000 acres of Minnesota School Trust Lands within the Boundary Waters Canoe Area for unidentified federal lands within the Superior or Chippewa National Forests in Minnesota. While it is understandable that the State of Minnesota would seek to utilize school trust lands, this bill would not protect lands with high recreational or ecological value, and it would bypass standards and laws that ensure land exchanges are in the taxpayers' interests, transparent, and accountable to the public. On September 12, the House approved H.R. 5544 by a vote of 225-189 (House roll call vote 568). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

32. CARBON POLLUTION ENDANGERMENT FINDING

House Energy and Commerce Committee Ranking Member Henry Waxman (D-CA) offered an amendment to H.R. 3409, the so-called Stop the War on Coal Act of 2012, which would remove language from the bill repealing the scientific finding by the Environmental Protection Agency that greenhouse gases endanger human health and the environment. EPA scientists have extensively documented that carbon pollution and other greenhouse gases threaten public health by causing more heat waves and intense smog, spreading infectious diseases, and bringing about stronger storms, floods, and hurricanes. Without the Waxman amendment, H.R. 3409 would permanently block the EPA from reducing these dangerous greenhouse gases under the Clean Air Act. On September 21, the House rejected the Waxman amendment by a vote of 178-229 (House roll call vote 593). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 3409 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.



33. CLEAN WATER SAFEGUARDS

Representative David McKinley (R-WV) offered an amendment to H.R. 3409, the so-called Stop the War on Coal Act of 2012, to prevent the Environmental Protection Agency from using its authority under the Clean Water Act to prohibit or restrict projects that would have an “unacceptable adverse effect” on water, fish, and wildlife after they have been permitted by the Army Corps of Engineers. The EPA has reserved its veto authority for extraordinarily environmentally-destructive projects, using it only 13 times in the entire 40-year history of the Clean Water Act. On September 21, the House approved the McKinley amendment by a vote of 247-163 (House roll call vote 597). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 3409 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

34. REGIONAL HAZE AIR POLLUTION

Representative Jeff Flake (R-AZ) offered an amendment to H.R. 3409, the so-called Stop the War on Coal Act of 2012, which would prevent the Environmental Protection Agency from enforcing air pollution cleanup requirements for many of the nation’s dirtiest and most antiquated coal-fired power plants. Throughout the country, dozens of these power plants are emitting hundreds of thousands of tons of dangerous pollutants that could be prevented with technologies that have been used at many other power plants for decades. This preventable pollution causes asthma attacks, lung disease, and even premature death. It also fouls the air in America’s most treasured national parks and wilderness areas, such as Yosemite, the Grand Canyon, and the Great Smoky Mountains. The Flake amendment would weaken emissions control requirements and force the EPA to approve state haze cleanup plans that do little or nothing to reduce this dangerous pollution, delaying the reduction of these harmful air pollutants for many years. On September 21, the House approved the Flake amendment by a vote of 228-183 (House roll call vote 600). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** H.R. 3409 subsequently passed the House, but the Senate took no action on this legislation.

35. BROAD ENVIRONMENTAL ASSAULT

Representative Bill Johnson (R-OH) sponsored H.R. 3409, the so-called Stop the War on Coal Act of 2012, a sweeping giveaway to the coal industry that would gut bedrock environmental protections and severely threaten the health of the American people. H.R. 3409 would prevent the Secretary of the Interior from issuing a rule protecting streams from mountaintop removal mining, which has been linked to severe health impacts, including elevated incidences of birth defects. The bill would also give polluters a free pass to spew unlimited amounts of carbon pollution; block fuel efficiency and greenhouse gas standards for cars; halt Clean Air Act protections for smog, soot, and mercury pollution that would prevent thousands of premature deaths and hundreds of thousands of asthma attacks; leave communities at risk from toxic, arsenic-laden coal ash; and gut the core of the Clean Water Act, the federal “floor” of water quality standards that states must meet. On September 21, the House approved H.R. 3409 by a vote of 233-175 (House roll call vote 603). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation.

HOUSE VOTES

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LCV SCORES

% 2012

% 112th Congress

% Lifetime

① Oil Shale Leasing

② Offshore Drilling Subsidies

③ Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation

④ California Water Resources

⑤ St. Croix Wild & Scenic River

⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

ALABAMA

1	Bonner	(R)	6	7	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Roby	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Rogers, Mike D.	(R)	6	7	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Aderholt	(R)	6	9	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Brooks	(R)	11	13	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Bachus, S.	(R)	3	7	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✓
7	Sewell	(D)	80	80	80	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

ALASKA

AL	Young, D.	(R)	6	9	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
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ARIZONA

1	Gosar	(R)	11	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Franks, T.	(R)	9	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗
3	Quayle	(R)	9	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Pastor	(D)	83	89	84	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Schweikert	(R)	11	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Flake	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Grijalva	(D)	97	99	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Barber*	(D)	81	81	81	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①

ARKANSAS

1	Crawford	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Griffin	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Womack	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Ross, M.	(D)	11	21	42	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

CALIFORNIA

1	Thompson, M.	(D)	97	94	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Herger	(R)	9	6	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Lungren	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	McClintock	(R)	11	9	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Matsui	(D)	94	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

* Representative Barber was sworn in on June 19 following the resignation of Representative Giffords on January 25.

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline
16	Clean Water Protections
17	Clean Energy Funding
18	Fossil Fuels Funding
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy
24	Coal Ash Pollution
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act
26	Hardrock Mining
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms
28	Drinking Water Protections
29	Safeguards Shutdown
30	Land Conservation Cuts
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding
33	Clean Water Safeguards
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution
35	Broad Environmental Assault

X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
?	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
①	①	①	①	①	X	X	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	?	?	?	?

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	?	?	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

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LCV SCORES

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	1 Oil Shale Leasing	2 Offshore Drilling Subsidies	3 Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation	4 California Water Resources	5 St. Croix Wild & Scenic River	6 National Monuments	7 Public Lands Assault	8 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation	9 Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill	10 Restriction on Dirty Fuels	11 National Ocean Policy	12 Sea Turtle Protections	13 Climate Change Education	14 Flood Insurance Reform
6	Woolsey	(D)	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Miller, George	(D)	89	93	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?
8	Pelosi	(D)	94	91	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Lee, B.	(D)	91	96	96	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Garamendi	(D)	83	90	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	McNerney	(D)	91	93	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Speier	(D)	77	84	86	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Stark	(D)	100	93	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Eshoo	(D)	91	93	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	Honda	(D)	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Lofgren	(D)	91	93	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Farr	(D)	94	96	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Cardoza*	(D)	43	42	62	✓	✗	✓	✗	?	✓	✗	?	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	Denham	(R)	11	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
20	Costa	(D)	40	36	54	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
21	Nunes	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
22	McCarthy, K.	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
23	Capps	(D)	100	97	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
24	Gallegly	(R)	3	4	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
25	McKeon	(R)	3	7	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
26	Dreier	(R)	6	7	14	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
27	Sherman	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28	Berman	(D)	80	89	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓
29	Schiff	(D)	97	97	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
30	Waxman	(D)	97	97	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
31	Becerra	(D)	94	96	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	Chu	(D)	97	99	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Bass, K.	(D)	83	89	89	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Roybal-Allard	(D)	97	99	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

* Representative Cardoza resigned on August 15.

[illegible]

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LCV SCORES

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35	Waters	(D)	83	87	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓
36	Hahn	(D)	86	89	89	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
37	Richardson	(D)	89	90	91	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
38	Napolitano	(D)	80	90	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	✓	?	✓	✓	✓
39	Sánchez, Linda	(D)	77	83	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
40	Royce	(R)	14	10	14	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
41	Lewis, Jerry	(R)	6	9	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
42	Miller, Gary	(R)	6	6	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
43	Baca	(D)	69	71	72	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Calvert	(R)	3	6	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
45	Bono Mack	(R)	9	10	16	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
46	Rohrabacher	(R)	6	4	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
47	Sanchez, Loretta	(D)	80	81	87	✓	?	?	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	?
48	Campbell	(R)	11	11	11	?	?	?	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
49	Issa	(R)	6	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
50	Bilbray	(R)	26	21	39	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
51	Filner	(D)	40	66	86	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
52	Hunter	(R)	3	4	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
53	Davis, S.	(D)	94	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

COLORADO

1	DeGette	(D)	97	99	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Polis	(D)	100	91	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Tipton	(R)	11	13	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Gardner	(R)	11	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Lamborn	(R)	6	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Coffman	(R)	9	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Perlmutter	(D)	83	79	82	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	Clean Water Protections	Clean Energy Funding	Fossil Fuels Funding	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	Coal Ash Pollution	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	Hardrock Mining	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	Drinking Water Protections	Safeguards Shutdown	Land Conservation Cuts	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	Clean Water Safeguards	Regional Haze Air Pollution	Broad Environmental Assault
✓	?	?	?	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	?	✗	?	?	?	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
✗	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
✗	?	?	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
?	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
?	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?
✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	?	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

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LCV SCORES

% 2012

% 112th Congress

% Lifetime

① Oil Shale Leasing

② Offshore Drilling Subsidies

③ Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation

④ California Water Resources

⑤ St. Croix Wild & Scenic River

⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

CONNECTICUT

1	Larson, J.	(D)	89	93	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Courtney	(D)	94	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	DeLauro	(D)	94	96	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Himes	(D)	94	96	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Murphy, C.	(D)	89	93	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

DELAWARE

AL	Carney	(D)	94	94	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
----	--------	-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

FLORIDA

1	Miller, J.	(R)	11	9	9	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Southerland	(R)	9	7	7	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Brown, C.	(D)	80	86	85	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Crenshaw	(R)	6	9	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Nugent	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Stearns	(R)	14	13	16	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
7	Mica	(R)	6	9	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Webster	(R)	9	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Bilirakis	(R)	9	13	17	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
10	Young, C.W.	(R)	26	24	28	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
11	Castor	(D)	91	94	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Ross, D.	(R)	9	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13	Buchanan	(R)	23	21	28	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
14	Mack	(R)	0	3	8	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15	Posey	(R)	11	9	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
16	Rooney	(R)	9	10	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
17	Wilson, F.	(D)	89	84	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓
18	Ros-Lehtinen	(R)	17	19	39	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
19	Deutch	(D)	97	93	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Wasserman Schultz	(D)	94	97	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?
21	Diaz-Balart	(R)	11	11	16	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	✓	✓	✓	?	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Clean Water Protections	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Clean Energy Funding	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
24	Coal Ash Pollution	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	Hardrock Mining	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28	Drinking Water Protections	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Safeguards Shutdown	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
30	Land Conservation Cuts	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Clean Water Safeguards	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
35	Broad Environmental Assault	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	?	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	?	?	?	?	?
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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LCV SCORES

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22	West, A.	(R)	14	13	13	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
23	Hastings, A.	(D)	94	94	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
24	Adams	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
25	Rivera	(R)	11	13	13	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓

GEORGIA

1	Kingston	(R)	6	7	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Bishop, S.	(D)	43	49	50	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Westmoreland, L.	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Johnson, H.	(D)	91	93	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Lewis, John	(D)	97	99	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Price, T.	(R)	6	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Woodall	(R)	11	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Scott, A.	(R)	3	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Graves, T.	(R)	9	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10	Broun	(R)	9	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11	Gingrey	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12	Barrow	(D)	20	33	53	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
13	Scott, D.	(D)	83	84	78	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HAWAII

1	Hanabusa	(D)	94	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Hirono	(D)	83	90	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

IDAHO

1	Labrador	(R)	11	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Simpson	(R)	11	13	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

ILLINOIS

1	Rush	(D)	91	93	81	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Jackson, J.*	(D)	49	73	86	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Lipinski	(D)	83	87	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Gutierrez	(D)	91	93	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
5	Quigley	(D)	100	97	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

* Representative Jackson missed a number of votes due to illness and retired on November 21.

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	X	✓	X	X
16	Clean Water Protections	X	✓	X	X
17	Clean Energy Funding	X	✓	X	✓
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	✓	X	✓	X
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	X	✓	X	X
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	X	✓	X	X
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	X	✓	X	X
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	X	✓	X	X
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	X	✓	X	X
24	Coal Ash Pollution	X	✓	X	X
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	X	✓	X	X
26	Hardrock Mining	X	✓	X	X
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	X	✓	X	X
28	Drinking Water Protections	X	✓	X	X
29	Safeguards Shutdown	X	✓	X	X
30	Land Conservation Cuts	X	✓	X	X
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	X	✓	X	X
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	X	✓	X	X
33	Clean Water Safeguards	X	✓	X	X
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	X	✓	X	X
35	Broad Environmental Assault	X	✓	X	X

X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	✓	X	X	✓	X	✓	X	X	✓	X	X
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	?	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	?	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X
✓	?	?	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	X	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
X	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

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LCV SCORES

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	1 Oil Shale Leasing	2 Offshore Drilling Subsidies	3 Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation	4 California Water Resources	5 St. Croix Wild & Scenic River	6 National Monuments	7 Public Lands Assault	8 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation	9 Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill	10 Restriction on Dirty Fuels	11 National Ocean Policy	12 Sea Turtle Protections	13 Climate Change Education	14 Flood Insurance Reform
6	Roskam	(R)	6	7	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Davis, D.	(D)	83	87	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Walsh	(R)	6	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9	Schakowsky	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Dold	(R)	63	49	49	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	Kinzinger	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12	Costello	(D)	40	49	63	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	?
13	Biggert	(R)	17	17	28	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
14	Hultgren	(R)	11	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
15	Johnson, Timothy	(R)	60	47	59	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
16	Manzullo	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
17	Schilling	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
18	Schock	(R)	3	7	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
19	Shimkus	(R)	9	10	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

INDIANA

1	Visclosky	(D)	89	89	76	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
2	Donnelly	(D)	29	36	53	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	?	?	?	?	✓
3	Stutzman	(R)	11	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Rokita	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Burton	(R)	6	6	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Pence	(R)	6	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Carson	(D)	86	86	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Bucshon	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Young, T.	(R)	3	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

IOWA

1	Braley	(D)	83	84	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Loebsack	(D)	69	81	87	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Boswell	(D)	46	56	61	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Latham	(R)	6	9	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	King, S.	(R)	9	9	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

[illegible]

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LCV SCORES

% 2012

% 112th Congress

% Lifetime

① Oil Shale Leasing

② Offshore Drilling Subsidies

③ Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation

④ California Water Resources

⑤ St. Croix Wild & Scenic River

⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

KANSAS

1	Huelskamp	(R)	11	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Jenkins	(R)	6	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Yoder	(R)	9	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Pompeo	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

KENTUCKY

1	Whitfield	(R)	9	13	15	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Guthrie	(R)	11	14	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
3	Yarmuth	(D)	91	91	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Davis, G.*	(R)	7	8	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Rogers, H.	(R)	6	7	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Chandler	(D)	46	56	79	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓

LOUISIANA

1	Scalise	(R)	9	9	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Richmond	(D)	71	79	79	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Landry, J.	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Fleming	(R)	9	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Alexander, R.	(R)	3	7	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Cassidy	(R)	6	9	14	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Boustany	(R)	3	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

MAINE

1	Pingree	(D)	91	91	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Michaud	(D)	89	90	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

MARYLAND

1	Harris	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Ruppersberger	(D)	71	80	83	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Sarbanes	(D)	97	97	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Edwards	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Hoyer	(D)	91	94	80	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

* Representative Davis resigned on July 31.

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
16	Clean Water Protections	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	?	?	?
17	Clean Energy Funding	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
24	Coal Ash Pollution	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
26	Hardrock Mining	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
28	Drinking Water Protections	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
29	Safeguards Shutdown	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
30	Land Conservation Cuts	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
33	Clean Water Safeguards	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
35	Broad Environmental Assault	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	①	①	①	①	①	①
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	X	✓	✓	X	X	?	✓	X	✓	X

X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	?	?	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
?	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	?	?	?
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	?
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

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LCV SCORES

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	1 Oil Shale Leasing	2 Offshore Drilling Subsidies	3 Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation	4 California Water Resources	5 St. Croix Wild & Scenic River	6 National Monuments	7 Public Lands Assault	8 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation	9 Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill	10 Restriction on Dirty Fuels	11 National Ocean Policy	12 Sea Turtle Protections	13 Climate Change Education	14 Flood Insurance Reform
6	Bartlett	(R)	26	17	20	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
7	Cummings	(D)	89	93	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Van Hollen	(D)	91	96	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

MASSACHUSETTS

1	Olver	(D)	91	90	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Neal	(D)	86	89	90	✓	?	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	McGovern	(D)	97	97	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Frank, B.	(D)	89	91	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Tsongas	(D)	86	89	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Tierney	(D)	94	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Markey	(D)	100	99	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Capuano	(D)	91	94	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Lynch	(D)	89	90	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Keating	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

MICHIGAN

1	Benishek	(R)	9	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Huizenga	(R)	11	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Amash	(R)	23	16	16	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Camp	(R)	9	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Kildee	(D)	91	93	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Upton	(R)	6	11	33	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
7	Walberg	(R)	9	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Rogers, Mike	(R)	6	10	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Peters	(D)	94	84	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Miller, C.	(R)	6	11	16	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11	McCotter*	(R)	8	10	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12	Levin, S.	(D)	94	96	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Clarke, H.	(D)	91	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Conyers	(D)	97	97	79	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	Dingell	(D)	83	86	74	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

* Representative McCotter resigned on July 6.

✓	?	✗	15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline
✓	✓	✗	16	Clean Water Protections
✓	✓	✓	17	Clean Energy Funding
✗	✗	✗	18	Fossil Fuels Funding
✗	✓	✗	19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy
✓	✓	✗	20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents
✓	?	✓	21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife
✓	✓	✗	22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act
✓	✓	✓	23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy
✓	✓	✗	24	Coal Ash Pollution
✓	✓	✓	25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act
✓	✓	✗	26	Hardrock Mining
✓	✓	✗	27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms
✓	✓	✗	28	Drinking Water Protections
✓	✓	✗	29	Safeguards Shutdown
✓	✓	✓	30	Land Conservation Cuts
✓	✓	✓	31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange
✓	✓	✗	32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding
✓	✓	✗	33	Clean Water Safeguards
✓	✓	✗	34	Regional Haze Air Pollution
✓	✓	✗	35	Broad Environmental Assault

[illegible][illegible]

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⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

MINNESOTA

1	Walz	(D)	71	77	81	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Kline, J.	(R)	3	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Paulsen	(R)	11	20	22	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	McCollum	(D)	89	81	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Ellison	(D)	91	91	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Bachmann	(R)	9	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	✗	✓
7	Peterson	(D)	11	16	40	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
8	Cravaack	(R)	6	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

MISSISSIPPI

1	Nunnelee	(R)	3	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Thompson, B.	(D)	71	79	77	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Harper	(R)	6	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Palazzo	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

MISSOURI

1	Clay	(D)	86	91	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Akin	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Carnahan	(D)	91	93	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Hartzler	(R)	3	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Cleaver	(D)	83	91	89	✓	?	?	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Graves, S.	(R)	3	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Long	(R)	9	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Emerson	(R)	6	9	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Luetkemeyer	(R)	6	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

MONTANA

AL	Rehberg	(R)	6	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
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NEBRASKA

1	Fortenberry	(R)	14	21	26	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
2	Terry	(R)	9	10	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
3	Smith, Adrian	(R)	11	9	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	X	?	?	X	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Clean Water Protections	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
17	Clean Energy Funding	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	X	?	?	X	X	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	✓	?	?	X	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	X	X	X	X	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
24	Coal Ash Pollution	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
26	Hardrock Mining	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
28	Drinking Water Protections	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
29	Safeguards Shutdown	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
30	Land Conservation Cuts	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
33	Clean Water Safeguards	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
35	Broad Environmental Assault	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

✓	?	?	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	?	X	X	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	?	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	?	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
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X	?	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

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11 National Ocean Policy

12 Sea Turtle Protections

13 Climate Change Education

14 Flood Insurance Reform

NEVADA

1	Berkley	(D)	89	91	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Amodei	(R)	3	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
3	Heck	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

NEW HAMPSHIRE

1	Guinta	(R)	11	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Bass, C.	(R)	60	53	47	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓

NEW JERSEY

1	Andrews	(D)	86	90	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	LoBiondo	(R)	40	47	67	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
3	Runyan	(R)	14	17	17	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Smith, C.	(R)	40	50	70	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
5	Garrett	(R)	11	10	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Pallone	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Lance	(R)	17	26	34	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Pascrell	(D)	77	86	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	?
9	Rothman	(D)	83	90	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Payne*	(D)	N/A	94	89	?	?	?	?	?	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①
11	Frelinghuysen	(R)	20	21	45	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12	Holt	(D)	97	99	100	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Sires	(D)	83	86	87	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW MEXICO

1	Heinrich	(D)	89	90	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Pearce	(R)	6	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Luján	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW YORK

1	Bishop, T.	(D)	80	90	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓
2	Israel	(D)	97	99	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	King, P.	(R)	9	11	18	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

* Representative Payne passed away on March 6.

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	✓	?	✗
16	Clean Water Protections	✓	✗	✗
17	Clean Energy Funding	✓	✗	✓
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	✓	✓	✓
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	✓	✗	✗
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	✓	✗	✗
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	✓	✗	✗
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	✓	✗	✗
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	✓	✗	✗
24	Coal Ash Pollution	✓	✗	✗
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	✓	✗	✗
26	Hardrock Mining	✗	✗	✗
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	✓	✗	✗
28	Drinking Water Protections	✓	✗	✗
29	Safeguards Shutdown	✓	✗	✗
30	Land Conservation Cuts	✗	✗	✗
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	✓	✗	✗
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	✓	✗	✗
33	Clean Water Safeguards	✓	✗	✗
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	✓	✗	✗
35	Broad Environmental Assault	✗	✗	✗

✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
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HOUSE VOTES

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LCV SCORES

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	1 Oil Shale Leasing	2 Offshore Drilling Subsidies	3 Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation	4 California Water Resources	5 St. Croix Wild & Scenic River	6 National Monuments	7 Public Lands Assault	8 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation	9 Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill	10 Restriction on Dirty Fuels	11 National Ocean Policy	12 Sea Turtle Protections	13 Climate Change Education	14 Flood Insurance Reform
4	McCarthy, C.	(D)	89	87	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Ackerman	(D)	74	84	87	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Meeks, G.	(D)	77	87	88	✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓
7	Crowley	(D)	91	93	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Nadler	(D)	94	96	96	✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Turner, B.	(R)	3	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
10	Towns	(D)	94	96	81	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	Clarke, Y.	(D)	83	91	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Velázquez	(D)	86	91	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Grimm	(R)	11	13	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
14	Maloney	(D)	97	97	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	Rangel	(D)	66	80	82	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Serrano	(D)	89	94	90	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Engel	(D)	91	93	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Lowey	(D)	91	94	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	Hayworth	(R)	46	44	44	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Gibson, C.	(R)	40	29	29	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
21	Tonko	(D)	94	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Hinchey	(D)	97	83	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23	Owens	(D)	51	57	59	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
24	Hanna	(R)	17	23	23	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
25	Buerkle	(R)	3	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
26	Hochul	(D)	54	68	68	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
27	Higgins	(D)	89	90	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28	Slaughter*	(D)	57	73	90	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
29	Reed, T.	(R)	3	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

* Representative Slaughter missed a number of votes due to an injury.

15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	?	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓	?	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	?	?	?	?
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
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✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
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✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
?	?	?	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

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LCV SCORES

% 2012

% 112th Congress

% Lifetime

① Oil Shale Leasing

② Offshore Drilling Subsidies

③ Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation

④ California Water Resources

⑤ St. Croix Wild & Scenic River

⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

NORTH CAROLINA

1	Butterfield	(D)	89	91	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Ellmers	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Jones	(R)	23	29	24	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓
4	Price, D.	(D)	97	96	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Foxx	(R)	9	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Coble	(R)	6	9	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	McIntyre	(D)	26	40	55	✗	✓	✗	?	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓
8	Kissell	(D)	23	44	55	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
9	Myrick	(R)	3	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
10	McHenry	(R)	6	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
11	Shuler	(D)	43	57	67	✓	?	?	?	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓
12	Watt	(D)	91	94	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Miller, B.	(D)	94	96	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NORTH DAKOTA

AL	Berg	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
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OHIO

1	Chabot	(R)	14	10	19	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Schmidt	(R)	9	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	✗	✓
3	Turner, M.	(R)	6	9	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Jordan	(R)	11	9	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Latta	(R)	6	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Johnson, B.	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✓
7	Austria	(R)	6	9	7	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Boehner	(R)	N/A	N/A	2	THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE VOTES AT HIS DISCRETION.												
9	Kaptur	(D)	83	86	78	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Kucinich	(D)	89	91	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	?	?	?	✓
11	Fudge	(D)	86	91	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Tiberi	(R)	11	11	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
13	Sutton	(D)	86	89	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline
16	Clean Water Protections
17	Clean Energy Funding
18	Fossil Fuels Funding
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy
24	Coal Ash Pollution
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act
26	Hardrock Mining
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms
28	Drinking Water Protections
29	Safeguards Shutdown
30	Land Conservation Cuts
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding
33	Clean Water Safeguards
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution
35	Broad Environmental Assault

✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	?	?	✓	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	?	?	?	?	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE VOTES AT HIS DISCRETION.

?	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

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LCV SCORES

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	1 Oil Shale Leasing	2 Offshore Drilling Subsidies	3 Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation	4 California Water Resources	5 St. Croix Wild & Scenic River	6 National Monuments	7 Public Lands Assault	8 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation	9 Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill	10 Restriction on Dirty Fuels	11 National Ocean Policy	12 Sea Turtle Protections	13 Climate Change Education	14 Flood Insurance Reform
14	LaTourette	(R)	9	16	25	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓
15	Stivers	(R)	6	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
16	Renacci	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
17	Ryan, T.	(D)	80	89	85	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Gibbs, B.	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
OKLAHOMA																			
1	Sullivan	(R)	9	9	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✓
2	Boren	(D)	9	16	27	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Lucas	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Cole	(R)	6	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Lankford	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
OREGON																			
1	Bonamici	(D)	97	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Walden	(R)	11	13	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
3	Blumenauer	(D)	100	97	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	DeFazio	(D)	86	87	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Schrader	(D)	80	76	79	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
PENNSYLVANIA																			
1	Brady, R.	(D)	91	93	82	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Fattah	(D)	89	91	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Kelly	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Altmire	(D)	29	34	54	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
5	Thompson, G.	(R)	9	10	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Gerlach	(R)	26	30	45	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
7	Meehan	(R)	9	13	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Fitzpatrick	(R)	46	46	54	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓
9	Shuster	(R)	6	7	6	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
10	Marino	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
11	Barletta	(R)	6	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12	Critz	(D)	43	43	45	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓

[illegible][illegible]

✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗

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13	Schwartz	(D)	89	91	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Doyle	(D)	77	84	70	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	Dent	(R)	17	20	27	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
16	Pitts	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
17	Holden	(D)	34	39	55	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	?
18	Murphy, T.	(R)	11	11	13	✗	✗	✗	?	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
19	Platts	(R)	26	27	32	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓

RHODE ISLAND

1	Cicilline	(D)	94	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Langevin	(D)	94	93	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

SOUTH CAROLINA

1	Scott, T.	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Wilson, J.	(R)	6	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Duncan, Jeff	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Gowdy	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Mulvaney	(R)	14	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Clyburn	(D)	71	81	83	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

SOUTH DAKOTA

AL	Noem	(R)	6	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
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TENNESSEE

1	Roe	(R)	3	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Duncan, John	(R)	9	7	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Fleischmann	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	DesJarlais	(R)	3	4	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Cooper	(D)	80	84	79	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Black, D.	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Blackburn, M.	(R)	6	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Fincher	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Cohen	(D)	97	94	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	Clean Water Protections	Clean Energy Funding	Fossil Fuels Funding	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	Coal Ash Pollution	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	Hardrock Mining	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	Drinking Water Protections	Safeguards Shutdown	Land Conservation Cuts	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	Clean Water Safeguards	Regional Haze Air Pollution	Broad Environmental Assault
✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	?	?	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
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- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Absence (counts as negative)

LCV SCORES

% 2012

% 112th Congress

% Lifetime

① Oil Shale Leasing

② Offshore Drilling Subsidies

③ Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation

④ California Water Resources

⑤ St. Croix Wild & Scenic River

⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

TEXAS

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩	⑪	⑫	⑬	⑭
1	Gohmert	(R)	11	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Poe	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Johnson, S.	(R)	3	4	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Hall, R.	(R)	6	6	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Hensarling	(R)	9	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Barton	(R)	9	10	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Culberson	(R)	9	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Brady, K.	(R)	6	6	3	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Green, A.	(D)	74	77	79	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
10	McCaul	(R)	6	7	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✓
11	Conaway	(R)	9	6	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
12	Granger	(R)	11	11	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
13	Thornberry	(R)	3	4	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
14	Paul, Ron	(R)	9	7	23	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15	Hinojosa	(D)	80	73	65	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Reyes	(D)	89	84	67	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Flores	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
18	Jackson Lee	(D)	63	71	79	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	Neugebauer	(R)	9	6	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
20	Gonzalez	(D)	83	80	80	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
21	Smith, L.	(R)	6	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
22	Olson	(R)	3	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
23	Canseco	(R)	11	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
24	Marchant	(R)	6	6	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
25	Doggett	(D)	94	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	Burgess	(R)	9	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
27	Farenthold	(R)	9	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
28	Cuellar	(D)	49	50	55	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
29	Green, G.	(D)	66	67	65	✗	✗	✗	✓	?	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
30	Johnson, E.	(D)	86	87	82	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X
16	Clean Water Protections	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
17	Clean Energy Funding	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	X	X	✓	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
24	Coal Ash Pollution	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
26	Hardrock Mining	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
28	Drinking Water Protections	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
29	Safeguards Shutdown	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
30	Land Conservation Cuts	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
33	Clean Water Safeguards	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
35	Broad Environmental Assault	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

HOUSE VOTES

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LCV SCORES

			% 2012	% 112th Congress	% Lifetime	1 Oil Shale Leasing	2 Offshore Drilling Subsidies	3 Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation	4 California Water Resources	5 St. Croix Wild & Scenic River	6 National Monuments	7 Public Lands Assault	8 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation	9 Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill	10 Restriction on Dirty Fuels	11 National Ocean Policy	12 Sea Turtle Protections	13 Climate Change Education	14 Flood Insurance Reform
31	Carter	(R)	11	10	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
32	Sessions, P.	(R)	6	6	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
UTAH																			
1	Bishop, R.	(R)	9	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✓
2	Matheson	(D)	17	27	51	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
3	Chaffetz	(R)	9	6	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
VERMONT																			
AL	Welch	(D)	89	93	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	?	?	✓	✓	✓
VIRGINIA																			
1	Wittman	(R)	14	24	25	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Rigell	(R)	14	16	16	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
3	Scott, R.	(D)	94	97	87	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Forbes	(R)	6	10	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Hurt	(R)	3	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Goodlatte	(R)	3	7	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
7	Cantor	(R)	3	7	4	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	✓
8	Moran, James	(D)	91	96	87	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Griffith	(R)	9	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
10	Wolf	(R)	17	29	28	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
11	Connolly	(D)	94	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
WASHINGTON																			
1	Inslee*	(D)	80	98	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①
2	Larsen, R.	(D)	94	93	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Herrera Beutler	(R)	9	11	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
4	Hastings, D.	(R)	3	6	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
5	McMorris Rodgers	(R)	9	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
6	Dicks	(D)	83	90	71	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	McDermott	(D)	97	96	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Reichert	(R)	37	40	53	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
9	Smith, Adam	(D)	94	93	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

* Representative Inslee resigned on March 20.

15	Keystone XL Tar Sands Pipeline	X	X
16	Clean Water Protections	X	X
17	Clean Energy Funding	✓	X
18	Fossil Fuels Funding	X	X
19	Nuclear Energy Subsidy	X	✓
20	Public Land Grab by Federal Police Agents	X	X
21	Broad Assault on Lands & Wildlife	✓	X
22	Public Health Basis of the Clean Air Act	X	X
23	"Oil Above All" Energy Strategy	X	X
24	Coal Ash Pollution	X	X
25	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	✓	X
26	Hardrock Mining	X	X
27	Offshore Drilling Safety Reforms	X	X
28	Drinking Water Protections	X	X
29	Safeguards Shutdown	X	X
30	Land Conservation Cuts	X	X
31	Minnesota Boundary Waters Land Exchange	X	X
32	Carbon Pollution Endangerment Finding	X	?
33	Clean Water Safeguards	X	X
34	Regional Haze Air Pollution	X	X
35	Broad Environmental Assault	X	?

?	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	✓	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	✓
X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	✓	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	?	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
X	X	✓	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	✓	X	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Absence (counts as negative)

LCV SCORES

% 2012

% 112th Congress

% Lifetime

① Oil Shale Leasing

② Offshore Drilling Subsidies

③ Drilling Everywhere to Fund Transportation

④ California Water Resources

⑤ St. Croix Wild & Scenic River

⑥ National Monuments

⑦ Public Lands Assault

⑧ National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in Transportation

⑨ Environmental Assault in the Transportation Bill

⑩ Restriction on Dirty Fuels

⑪ National Ocean Policy

⑫ Sea Turtle Protections

⑬ Climate Change Education

⑭ Flood Insurance Reform

WEST VIRGINIA

1	McKinley	(R)	6	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Capito	(R)	9	13	23	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓
3	Rahall	(D)	51	51	65	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓

WISCONSIN

1	Ryan, P.	(R)	6	4	18	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Baldwin	(D)	94	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Kind	(D)	80	86	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Moore	(D)	83	86	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Sensenbrenner	(R)	11	7	33	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Petri	(R)	3	7	44	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Duffy	(R)	3	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
8	Ribble	(R)	6	6	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

WYOMING

AL	Lummis	(R)	9	10	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
----	--------	-----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	✓	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓	✓	X	X	X	✓	X	X



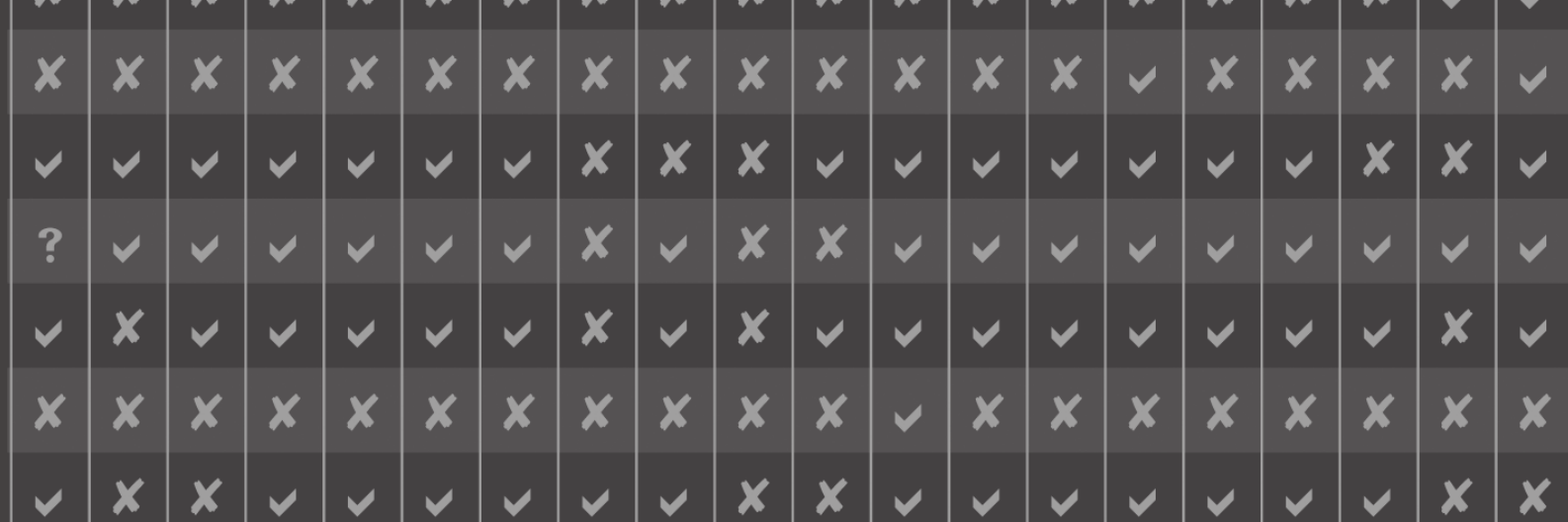
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LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS

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1920 L STREET, NW, SUITE 800 • WASHINGTON, DC 20036

PHONE: 202.785.8683 • WWW.LCV.ORG

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